AD-4407A OP-03/05/07/08 WEIGHING INDICATOR

INSTRUCTION MANUAL



This Manual and Warning Definitions

The warnings described in this manual have the following meanings:

CAUTION	Disregarding the caution could result in loss of important data or damage to the instrument		
Note	Provides information useful for the user to operate the instrument.		



This is a hazard alert mark.

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The contents of this manual and the specifications of the instrument covered by this manual are subject to change for improvement without notice.

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1. Compliance



1.1. Compliance with FCC Rules

Please note that this equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. This equipment has been tested and has been found to comply with the limits of a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC rules. These rules are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when this equipment is operated in a commercial environment. If this unit is operated in a residential area it may cause some interference and under these circumstances the user would be required to take, at his own expense, whatever measures are necessary to eliminate the interference.

(FCC = Federal Communications Commission in the U.S.A.)



1.2. Compliance with European Directives

This appliance complies with the statutory EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) directive 89/336/EEC and the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC for safety of electrical equipment designed for certain voltages.

Note: The displayed value may be adversely affected under extreme electromagnetic influences.



2. Introduction

- □ The AD-4407A is a weighing indicator that amplifies the signal from a load cell, converts it to digital data and displays it as a mass value.
- □ This indicator has the following performance:

Input sensitivity: 0.15 μ V/division.

Maximum display: 40000 divisions.

Refresh rate of the display: 10 times/second approximately.

Input voltage range: -35 mV ~ +35 mV.

- □ The following standard functions are available:
 - □ The HiHi / Hi / OK / Lo / LoLo limit comparison to check a mass value.
 - □ The setpoint comparison for batching applications.
 - □ The counting function for piece counting.
 - The preset tare function.
 - Four code memories to store the above mentioned data.
 - □ The accumulation function to totalize the mass values and to count the number of accumulations.
 - □ The hold function enables weighing a living animal.
 - UFC (Universal Flex Coms) function to customize the protocol of outputting data using the serial interface.
 - □ 0 9 keys enables easy operation, such as specifying comparator values.
 - □ IP-65 dust & water-proof stainless housing.
- The following interfaces are available as options:

One interface can be installed in the indicator at a time.

- □ OP-03: RS-422/485 and 3-Relay Outputs
- OP-05: RS-232C, 3-Relay Outputs and 3-Control Inputs
- □ OP-07: Analog Output (4-20mA)
- OP-08: RS-232C, Current Loop Output, 3-Relay Outputs and 1-Control Input
- The calibration function includes the following functions:
 - Setting the minimum division (weighing interval) and the maximum capacity.
 - Zero and span calibration.
 - □ The weighing range function of the multi-interval weighing instrument (scale).
 - Digital linearization function.
 - Gravity compensation function.



3. Installation and Precautions



3.1. Installation and Precautions

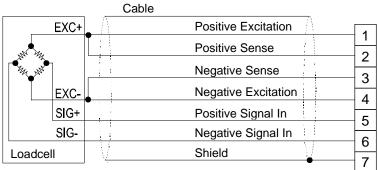
- □ The weighing indicator is a precision electronic instrument. Handle it carefully.
- □ The operating temperature is -10°C to +40°C (14°F to 104°F).
- Do not install the scale in direct sunlight.
- Mis-operation or other problems may be caused by an unstable power source including momentary power failure or instantaneous noise. Use a stable power source.
- ♠ □ Do not connect the power cord before the installation has been completed.
- ♠ □ Verify that the local voltage and receptacle type are correct for your indicator.
 - Use shielded cables for all connections. Connect the cable shields to the shield terminal or case as an earth terminal.
 - □ Earth ground the indicator. Do not share the earth ground line with other electrical power equipment. (Example: There is an earth ground terminal at the power cord receptacle.)
 - Do not install the indicator in a place where it is apt to be charged with static electricity, or where the relative humidity is lower than 45%RH. Plastic and insulating materials are apt to be charged with static electricity.
 - Even if the display is turned off, the power is on while the power cord is connected to the AC power source.
 - Even if the indicator complies with IP-65, do not immerse the indicator in water.
 - □ To maintain water-proof performance, tighten the cable clamp firmly when connecting the load cell cable or interface cable. And tighten the bolts on the rear panel firmly.

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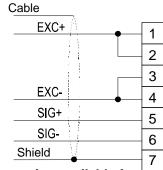
3.2. Load Cell Connections

- Connect the load cell cable to the terminal as shown below.
- □ It is possible to connect a 4 wire cable provided that pins 1-2 and pins 3-4 are connected, if the distance between the indicator and a load cell is shorter than 5m. At this time, use a cable with a wire having a cross-sectional area of 0.5 mm² or greater because thin cables will decrease the temperature coefficient.
- □ The output voltage of a load cell is a very sensitive signal. Space the load cell cable away from any noise source.
- It is possible to connect eight 350ohm load cells.

The load cell drive is 5VDC \pm 5% between EXC+ and EXC-, the maximum current 120mA.



Standard connection



Connection available for a cable shorter than 5m. (Recommended wire cross- sectional area: 0.5 mm² or greater)

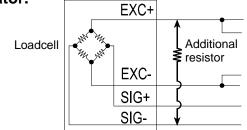


3.3. Adjustment of the Load Cell Output

Caution • When adding a resistor to adjust a load cell output, use a metal film resistor in the range of 50kohm to 500kohm with a good temperature coefficient. Use as large of a resistance value as possible in the range in which the zero adjustment is possible. Solder this resistor at a point near the load cell or the indicator.

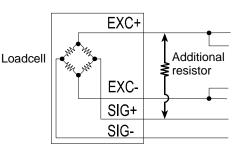
In Case of Reducing the Output Voltage

When the zero output is too large, add a resistor between EXC+ and SIG-.



In Case of Adding an Offset Voltage to the Output

When the zero output is too small, add a resistor between EXC+ and SIG+.



3.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity

The input sensitivity of the indicator is 0.15 μ V/division or more. Satisfy the following inequality, when you design a weighing instrument using the indicator and load cell(s).

Caution A change in input voltage sensitivity is required to cause a one division change of the display. Select as large an input sensitivity voltage as possible so that the weighing interval becomes stable.

□ Consider the leverage if a lever is used.

Weighing instrument using one load cell.	$0.15 \le \frac{E * B * D}{A}$	
Weighing instrument using multi-load cell	$0.15 \le \frac{E * B * D}{A * N}$	D:Weighing interval [kg] E:Excitation voltage [mV] N:Number of load cells

Verification Example

Design:		
Load cell	N=1	5000 * 3 * 0.05
Rated capacity	A=750 [kg]	$\frac{5000*3*0.05}{750} = 1 \ge 0.15$
Rated output	B=3 [mV/V]	
Excitation voltage	E=5000 [mV]	Therefore, regard the instrument as a
Weighing interval	D=0.05 [kg]	good design.
Weighing capacity	300 [kg]	



3.5. Installing an Option board

Caution Do not remove any screws other than described below.

Install an interface (OP-03, OP-05, OP-07 or OP-08) as follows:

- Step 1 Remove the power cord from the AC power source.
- Step 2 Remove eight hex bolts (one of them is the sealing bolt) from the rear panel.
- Step 3 Remove the rear panel carefully as there are cables between the front panel unit and the rear panel.
- Step 4 Place the option board on the option board installation area in the rear panel and secure it with screws.
- Step 5 Connnect the option board and the main board in the front panel unit, using the option cable.

OP-03 (RS-422/485, Relay output) J2 - Main board J2 J3 - Main board J5 OP-05 (RS-232C, I/O) J5 - Main board J5 OP-07 (4-20mA Analog output) J2 - Main board J2 J5 - Main board J5

OP-08 (RS-232C, current loop output, I/O) J5 - Main board J5

- Step 6 Pass the interface cable through the cable clamp to the external equipment.
- Step 7 Connect the interface cable to the option board connector or terminal block.
- Step 8 Place the rear panel on the front panel unit, and secure it using the bolts removed in Step 2.
- Step 9 After powered on, enter the F-functions and store the F30 parameter, depending on the option.

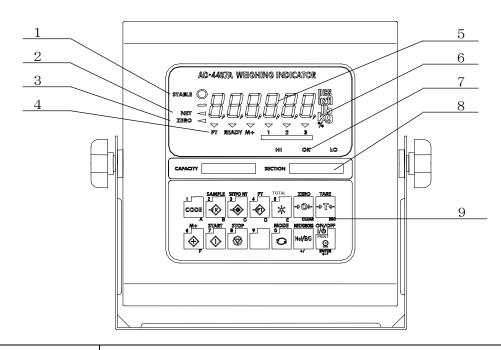
OP-03, OP-05 and OP-08: Serial output OP-07: Analog output



4. Description of Panels and Symbols



4.1. Front Panel Description

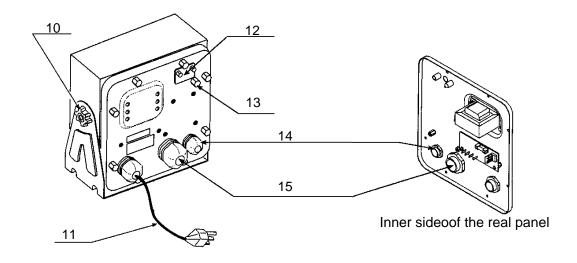


No.	Name	Description
1	STABLE	Indicates when the display is stable.
2	NET	Indicates when the weight is net weight.
3	ZERO	Indicates when the display weight is in the Zero range.
	PT	Indicates when the PRESET TARE value is being used.
4	READY	Indicates the state of comparison or batching.
4	M+ (Accumulation)	Indicates when there is a result of addition or accumulation.
	Triangle▼1,2,3	Depending on the function selected, indicates various states.
5	Main display	Displays the weight data, stored parameters and accumulated result.
6	UNIT part	Unit used to weigh.
7	HI/OK/LO	Indicates the results of comparison.
8	Capacity label	To note the capacity and division. (provided as an accessory)
9	CODE key	The key to select the code memory.
	SAMPLE key	The key to store the unit weight for counting function.
	SETPOINT key	The key to store the comparator value.
	PT key	The key to store the PRESET TARE value.
	TOTAL key	The key to display the total weight.
	M+ key	The key to perform accumulation.
	START key	The key to start comparison / batch weighing.
	STOP key	The key to stop comparison / batch weighing.
	MODE key	The key to switch the unit used to weigh.
	0 – 9 key	The numerical keys.
	A – F key	The key to enter a value (press the NET/GROSS key at the same time).
	ZERO key	The key to zero the current display.
	CLEAR key	The key to clear the data.
	TARE key	The key to perform tare.

9	ESC key	The key to proceed to the next step without changing the data.
	NET/GROSS key	The key to select net or gross weight in the display.
	+/- key	The key to select the sign of a value.
	ENTER key	The key to confirm parameters and store the data.
	PRINT key	The key to output data.
	ON/OFF key	The key to turn the display on and off (OFF: hold for 3 seconds).

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4.2. Rear Panel Description



No.	Name	Description
10	Adjustment knob	Adjust the viewing angle.
11	Power cord	Connect to the AC power source.
12	CAL key (cover)	The CAL key is located inside the panel.
13	Grounding terminal	Connect to earth ground.
14	Load cell cable clamp	Connect the load cell cable.
15	Interface cable clamp	Connect the interface cable.

Caution Please confirm that the receptacle type and local voltage is correct for your indicator (scale).



4.3. Other Displays and Symbols

	Standby display.
	Zero error when turning the display on. If the ESC key is pressed, the current weighing value may be displayed.
Blank Decimal point	Overload display. Remove any load from the load cell immediately. It may cause damage to the load cell(s).
Err 12	Example of an error display.

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4.4. Accessories and Options

	Instruction manual 1
	Time lag fuse 1
	FS-EAWK-200MA: 200mA (for 200-230 VAC)
Acceptance	or
Accessories	FS-EAWK-315MA: 315mA (for 100-120 VAC)
	Annunciator label 1
	Capacity label 1
	Bracket 1

Caution Please confirm that the receptacle type and local voltage is correct for your indicator (scale).

Options

OP-03 (AD-4407-03)	RS-422/485 Interface, 3-Relay outputs
OP-05 (AD-4407-05)	RS-232C Interface, 3-Relay outputs and 3-Control inputs
OP-07 (AD-4407-07)	4-20mA Analog output
OP-08 (AD-4407-08)	RS-232C Interface, 20mA current loop output, 3-Relay
	outputs and 1-Control input

One option can be installed at a time.



5. Calibration

This indicator, converts an input voltage from a load cell to the "mass" value, and displays it. Calibration is the adjustment function so that the scale (indicator) can display the weight correctly.



5.1. Items of Calibration Mode

There are four items in the calibration mode.

How to enter the calibration mode:

In the weighing mode, press the CAL key. After Relation is displayed for 2 seconds Relation will appear. Then the required items should be selected and displayed with the MODE key, then executed by pressing ENTER key.

Note: Calibration could be started by simultaneously pressing the ZERO and TARE key, instead of CAL key. The procedure is prohibited when the indicator has received a certified approval.

Items Required to be Performed

ERL 5EE Sets capacity, resolution, decimal point position and display format,

weighing range and unit. These items should be input first in order for the indicator to function as a weighing instrument. These parameters do not need to be changed again unless the indicator itself is replaced.

For details, refer to "5.2.1. Configuring a Weighing Instrument".

Calibrates zero and span. This is required after installation, to get accurate data. For details, refer to "5.2.3. Zero Calibration" and "5.2.4.

Span Calibration".

Optional Items to be Performed as Necessary

Performs digital linearization. Refer to "5.4.Digital Linearization

Function".

Compensates for acceleration of gravity. Refer to "5.5. Gravity Compensation Function".

Gravity compensation function: Compensates for weighing error between the calibration location and other weighing location using

gravity acceleration.

In the calibration mode, the keys have functions as follows:

0 - 9 Numerical keys.

MODE The key to display other items.

CLEAR The key to restore the numerical value to the initial setting or to change

the parameters.

+/- The key to display other parameters.

ESC The key to proceed to the next step without changing the parameters.

ENTER The key to store new calibration data and proceeds to the next step.

The key to store all data into memory and display [ALaFF]. Press the ON/OFF key to turn the display off.

Note that the ON/OFF key does not function alone in the calibration mode. When a value is mistakenly set, press the ESC key while holding the ON/OFF key to finish the calibration mode without storing the value. After ERREEL is displayed, press the ON/OFF key to exit from the calibration mode and turns the display off.

Note: [RL aff] can be displayed by pressing the +/- key while pressing the ON/OFF key, instead of CAL key.

Caution The maximum display is less than or equal to 40000 divisions. This number is calculated from the maximum capacity divided by the minimum division.

- □ Check the accuracy of weighing instrument periodically.
- Recommended mass, use a mass heavier than 2/3 maximum capacity.
- Calibrate the scale, if it is moved to other location or the environment has changed.
- It is not necessary to input the gravity acceleration correction, when calibrating the scale with a calibration mass at the place where the scale is used.
- Enter the stable weight data while the STABLE mark is displayed. If unstable data is used, it may cause a weighing error. Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.
- □ The span calibration needs the zero calibration data. We recommend that you perform the span calibration immediately after the zero calibration.
- If you use the dual range function of the multi-interval scale, perform the "Range Function", "Zero Calibration" and "Span Calibration".

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5.2. Calibration Procedure

5.2.1. Configuring a Weighing Instrument

This section explains how to specify capacity, resolution, decimal point position and display format, weighing range and unit. Perform this procedure when installing the indicator.

When [RL 5EL] is displayed, enter this mode by pressing the ENTER key.

Specify the range and unit.

Single Range

Select resolution and decimal point position and format.

Specify the weighing capacity.

Dual Range

<First range> Select the resolution, decimal point position and format.

<First range> Select the weighing range

<Second range> Select the resolution

<Second Range> Specify the weighing capacity

For the range function, refer to "5.3. Weighing Range Function".

Specifying the Range and Unit

Step 1 The range and unit of measure are displayed.

Range display: 5 in [L]: single range

ਰੂਪਸ਼ : dual range

To change the range function, use the CLEAR key

Unit display: The active unit is displayed. The unit can be changed; such

as kg or lb. Calibration is performed with the displayed unit.

Press the MODE key to select a unit.

Press the +/- key to select a unit for calibration. The unit for calibration (first unit) is displayed and the alternate unit (second

unit) is blinking.

ENTER The key to store the parameter displayed and proceed to the next step.

The key to proceed to the next step without changing the parameter.

Specifying the Resolution, Decimal Point Position and Format

Step 2 The resolution will be displayed as ☐ ☐ ☐ with decimal point. The indicator displays triangle ▼ 1 and the first unit selected at the previous step. Specify the position of the decimal point with the MODE key. Specify the display format (point or comma) with the +/- key. Specify the resolution with the CLEAR key. The decimal point format, specified in this step, will only apply to the display. The decimal point format for serial data output is selected using the F-function settings. Press the ENTER key to store the parameters and proceed to the next step. When pressing the ESC key, regardless of what is displayed, the indicator will proceed to the next step without changing the parameters.

Specifying the Weighing Range of the First Range

Step 3 After displaying FP for 2 seconds, single range or the weighing capacity will be displayed. When dual range is used, FP is displayed for 2 seconds. Triangle ▼ 1 will be displayed. Specify the range or the capacity using the 0 - 9 keys and press the ENTER key to store the parameter and proceed to the next step. When pressing the ESC key, regardless of what is displayed, the indicator will proceed to the next step without changing the parameter. The next step is Zero Calibration in single range or specifying the second range resolution in dual range.

Specifying the Second Range Resolution

Step 4 After displaying Panuel for 2 seconds, the resolution with decimal point and triangle ▼ 2 will be displayed. Specify the second range resolution in the same way as the first range. The decimal point cannot be moved. Specify the second range resolution greater than the first range.

Press the ENTER key to store the parameter and proceed to the next step.

When pressing the ESC key, regardless of what is displayed, the indicator will proceed to the next step without changing the parameter.

Specifying the Second Range Capacity

Step 5 After displaying [RP2] for 2 seconds, the capacity with unit and decimal point is displayed. Specify the capacity in the same way as the first range capacity. The value should be greater than the first range capacity.

Press the ENTER key to store the parameter and proceed to Zero Calibration. When pressing the ESC key, regardless of what is displayed, the indicator will proceed to the next step without changing the parameter.

5.2.2. To Get Stabilized Data

- Step 6 Maintain the following conditions to calibrate the scale (indicator) correctly.
 - Maintain a constant temperature, stable power and stable input voltage from the load cell.
 - Avoid direct sunshine or the near the outlet of an air conditioner.
 - Do not install the scale (indicator) where there is a strong magnetic field.
- Step 7 Turn the display on and leave it for several minutes.

5.2.3. **Zero Calibration**

Procedure

Step 8 Start with the [FRL []] display.

Select a zero calibration method to adjust the zero point

	<u> </u>	•
Weighing input (Normal way)	The adjustment method with nothing on the weighing unit.	To step 9
Digital input	The numerical way to input a load cell output voltage.	To step 10

Weighing Input

Step 9 Place nothing on the weighing unit. Wait for the STABLE mark to turn on and press the ENTER key. The new zero point parameter will be stored. Proceed to step11.

> ESC key The key to proceed to the next step without changing the parameter.

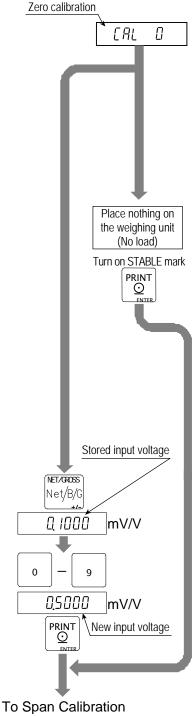
Caution Do not press the ENTER key while the STABLE mark is off (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.

Digital Input

Step10 Press the +/- key to display the input voltage parameter of the zero point in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the 0 - 9 keys.

ENTER The key to store the zero point parameter and proceed to the next step.

ESC key The key to proceed to the next step without changing the parameter.



5.2.4. **Span Calibration**

After displaying [AL F] for 2 seconds, the capacity is displayed. Step11 Select a span calibration method to adjust the capacity.

Weighing a mass less than the maximum capacity	The method to weigh a mass less than the maximum capacity.	To step 12
Weighing maximum capacity mass	The method to weigh a mass equivalent to the maximum capacity.	To step 14
Digital input	The numerical way to enter a load cell output voltage.	To step 16

Weighing a Mass except the Maximum Capacity

- Step12 Specify a mass value using 0 9 keys.
- Step13 Place a mass equivalent to displayed value on the weighing unit. Proceed to step 15.

Weighing Capacity Mass

- Step14 Place a mass equivalent to the maximum capacity on the weighing unit.
- Step15 Wait for the STABLE mark to turn on and press the ENTER key. Proceed to step 17.

 ESC key.....The key to proceed to step17 without changing the parameter.
- Caution Do not press the ENTER key while the STABLE mark is off (detecting motion). Arrange the condition using the F00 filter function.

Digital Input

Step16 Press the +/- key to display the input voltage parameter of the span in the unit of mV/V. Adjust the input voltage using the 0 - 9 keys. (It is possible to store a greater value than the capacity.)

ENTER keyThe key to store the parameter and proceed to step 17.

ESC key.....The key to proceed to step 17 without changing the parameter.

5.2.5. Exiting the Calibration Mode

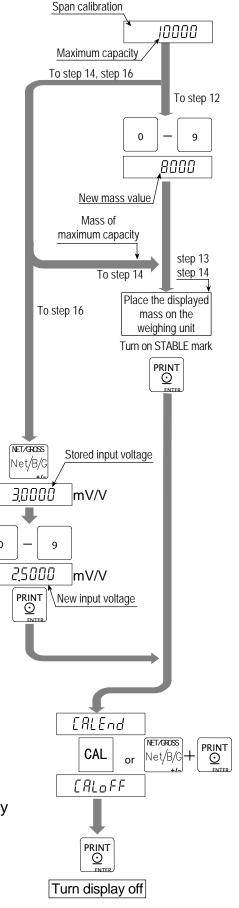
Step17 [FILEnd is displayed.

Use the following keys.

CAL key To store the parameters and display

[RLoFF]. Proceed to the next step.

[RLoFF] can be displayed by pressing the H/H key while pressing the ON/OFF key instead of CAL key.



ESC key The key to store the parameters temporarily.

Proceed to the [AL II] display.

Press and hold the ON/OFFkey and press the ESC key

No parameters are changed, [Rn[EL] is displayed and the calibration mode is finished.

Step18 Press the ON/OFF key to turn the display off.

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5.3. Weighing Range Function

In the weighing range function, select "single range" and "dual range". Specify each weighing interval (division) for the multi-interval instrument. Each weighing interval is displayed according to a net value or gross value.

Caution • When single range is used, this function is not used.

Example 1 The gross display.

Specified parameters:

First range Range = 50.00 kg, division 0.02 kg

Second range Range = 100.00 kg (maximum capacity), division 0.1

kg

Display

0 kg to 50 kg: The first range, division 0.02 kg.
50 kg to 100 kg: The second range, division 0.1 kg.

 Division = 0.02 kg
 Division = 0.1 kg

 Division = 0.1 kg
 Division = 0.1 kg

Example 2 The net display using a 40kg tare value.

Specified parameters: The same parameters as example 1.

Display

-40 kg to 50 kg: The first range, division 0.02 kg.
50 kg to 60 kg: The second range, division 0.1 kg.

Division = 0.02 kg

Division = 0.02 kg

Division=0.1 kg

-40 kg

0 kg

50 kg
60 kg
Net

Tare value

90kg 100kg Gross
40 kg

Weighing value

5.3.1. Selecting the Division and Range

Consider the following rules to design the weighing range.

Rule 1 Select the division and range of each weighing range so as to satisfy the following inequality.

The first range < the second range

The division of the next weighing range is automatically set larger than the division of the lower weighing range. Changing the division is possible.

- Rule 2 When specifying the dual range, the upper limit value of the second range becomes the maximum capacity.
- Rule 3 Select a resolution smaller than 40000. The resolution is a value obtained by dividing the maximum capacity by the minimum division of the first range.

5.4. Digital Linearization Function

Even if the zero and span calibration have been completed, there may still remain a linearity deviation caused by the performance of the weighing unit. The digital linearization function can rectify or reduce the linearity deviation using weighing points except zero and capacity. Up to three weighing points can be specified.

- - □ Use the mass on the condition that Lnr 1< Lnr 2< Lnr 3.</p>
 - □ Do not press the ENTER key while the STABLE mark is off.
- Step 1 When \square is displayed, press the MODE key to display \square .
- Step 2 Enter the zero point. Refer to "5.2.3. Zero Calibration".
- Step 3 The value of the middle point is displayed after indicating Lnr x. x is 1, 2 or 3. The triangle ▼ mark of the same number(x) is displayed along with the value.
- Step 4 Select a middle point.
 - □ If you want to cancel the current procedure, press the ESC key to finish this function. Proceed to step 7 and other points are cleared (canceled).
- Step 5 Place a mass equivalent to the displayed value on the weighing unit. Wait for the STABLE mark to turn on and press the ENTER key. Proceed to step 6.
- Step 6 If you include a 2nd and 3rd middle point, repeat steps 3, 4, 5 for each point. If you finish this function, proceed to step 7.
- Step 7 Perform step 11 of "5.2.4. Span Calibration" immediately.

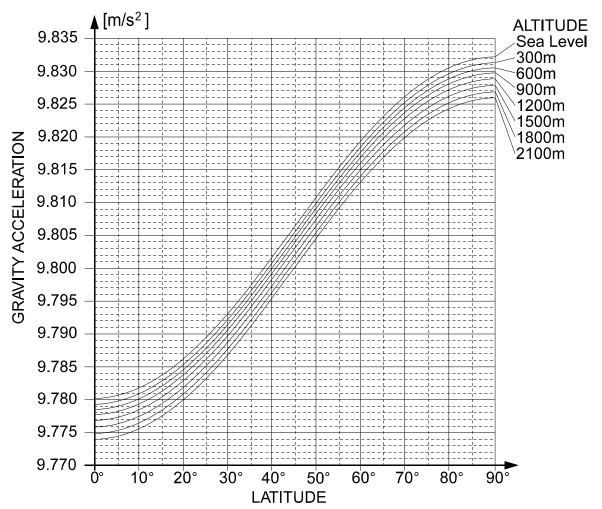
5.5. Gravity Compensation Function

- □ If the scale is used at the calibration location, it is not necessary to perform this function.
- □ If there is a difference of gravity acceleration between the installed location and calibration location, it may cause a weighing error. This function specifies these gravity accelerations and corrects the span error.
- Note \Box The decimal point is not displayed in the function. Example: $\boxed{9798} = 9.798 \text{ m/s}^2$
 - When span calibration is executed, the gravity acceleration correction will be cleared and the two gravity acceleration values will return to the factory settings.
 - Step 1 At the [AL D] display, press the MODE key until [5 5EL] is displayed and press the ENTER key to enter the gravity compensation function.

 If you want to cancel the current procedure, press and hold the ON/OFF key and press the ESC key to display [Antel]. Then, no parameters are changed and the calibration mode is finished. Press the ON/OFF key to turn the display off.
 - Step 2 The parameter is displayed with triangle ▼ 1. Enter the gravity acceleration of the calibration location using the 0 9 keys. The parameter xxxx is the gravity acceleration.
 - ENTER key .. The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 3.
 - ESC key...... The key to return to 55£ without changing the value.
 - Step 3 The parameter is displayed with triangle ▼ 2. Enter the gravity acceleration of the installed location using the 0 9 keys. The parameter xxxx is the gravity acceleration.
 - ENTER key .. The key to store the new gravity acceleration and proceed to step 4.
 - ESC key...... The key to return to step 2 without changing the value.
 - Step 4 Now xxxx is displayed. Press the CAL key to store the parameters. The Relation is displayed. Proceed to step5.
 - **Note:** [RLoFF] can be displayed by pressing the +/- key while pressing the ON/OFF key, instead of CAL key.
 - Step 5 Press the ON/OFF key to turn the display off.

5.5.1. Gravity Acceleration Table

Amsterdam	9.813 m/s ²	Manila	9.784 m/s ²
Athens	9.800 m/s ²	Melbourne	9.800 m/s ²
			^
Auckland NZ	9.799 m/s ²	Mexico City	
Bangkok	9.783 m/s ²	Milan	9.806 m/s ²
Birmingham	9.813 m/s ²	New York	9.802 m/s^2
Brussels	9.811 m/s ²	Oslo	9.819 m/s^2
Buenos Aires	9.797 m/s^2	Ottawa	9.806 m/s^2
Calcutta	9.788 m/s ²	Paris	9.809 m/s^2
Chicago	9.803 m/s ²	Rio de Janeiro	9.788 m/s ²
Copenhagen	9.815 m/s ²	Rome	9.803 m/s^2
Cyprus	9.797 m/s ²	San Francisco	9.800 m/s^2
Djakarta	9.781 m/s ²	Singapore	9.781 m/s ²
Frankfurt	9.810 m/s ²	Stockholm	9.818 m/s ²
Glasgow	9.816 m/s ²	Sydney	9.797 m/s ²
Havana	9.788 m/s ²	Tainan	9.788 m/s ²
Helsinki	9.819 m/s ²	Taipei	9.790 m/s ²
Kuwait	9.793 m/s ²	Tokyo	9.798 m/s ²
Lisbon	9.801 m/s ²	Vancouver, BC	9.809 m/s ²
London (Greenwich)	9.812 m/s ²	Washington DC	9.801 m/s ²
Los Angeles	9.796 m/s ²	Wellington NZ	9.803 m/s ²
Madrid	9.800 m/s ²	Zurich	9.807 m/s ²





5.6. Calibration Error Code List

Exiting from a Calibration Error

ESC key..... The key to return to the point where an error occurred. Retry the operation.

ESC key while pressing the ON/OFF key.

No parameters are changed, [Rn[EL] is displayed and the calibration mode is finished. Press ON/OFF key to turn the display off.

Error Code List

If an error has occurred during the calibration mode, the following code is displayed.

Error code	Description
Err O	In multi-interval scale. The last division is set to maximum (d-50). Therefore the next division can not be entered.
Err I	Resolution exceeds 40000. (Resolution = maximum capacity/ minimum division) Reduce the maximum capacity or increase the minimum division.
Err 2 Err 3	The load cell output is too large or too small at zero calibration. Check the weighing unit and load cell. Refer to "3.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
Err 4	The calibration mass value exceeded the maximum capacity. Use the calibration mass less than the maximum capacity.
Err S	The selected calibration mass is smaller than the minimum division.
Err 6	The new input sensitivity is less than 0.15 μ V/division. Increase the input sensitivity. Refer to "3.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity".
Err 7	When a mass is placed on the weighing unit, the load cell output becomes a negative value. Check the load cell cable connections and the direction of load cell mounting.
Err 8	The load cell output exceeds the input range before reaching the maximum capacity. Adjust zero balance referring to "3.4. Verifying Load Cell Output and Input Sensitivity". Replace with a load cell designed for a smaller output. Or reduce the maximum capacity.
Err 9	The weight value is out of the input range at zero calibration or span calibration. Check the weighing unit and cables.
Err 12	The first weighing range is larger than second weighing range.
Err 13	An incorrect mass is selected at the digital linearization function. Select a mass of the following relation. Lnc < Lnc < Lnc 3.
G Err	An unacceptable value is selected in the gravity acceleration function.



6. Functions

There are two parameters lists, one for the F-functions and one for the CF-functions. These functions control the indicator. The parameters of each function are stored in the non-volatile memory, and are not lost even if power is turned off.

F-functions: These parameters can always be changed and are used for internal settings.

CF-functions: If you accept a certified approval of the weighing instruments, the CAL cover (rear panel) must be sealed. In this case, parameters of the CF-function can not be changed.



6.1. Changing the Function Settings

To enter the function setting mode, do either of the following.

- 1. When the display is off, press the ON/OFF key while pressing the +/- key.
- 2. When in the weighing mode, press both the $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{ON/OFF}{ON/OFF}$ keys at the same time. In the function setting mode, $\frac{1}{2}$ will be displayed.

Selecting an Item

Step 1 Select an item using the 0 - 9 keys.

ENTER key The key to display a parameter

of the selected item.

Proceed to step 2.

ESC key To finish the function setting mode

and enter the weighing mode.

CAL key The key to switch between

F-functions and CF-functions.

Selecting a Parameter

Step 2 Select a parameter using the $\boxed{0}$ - $\boxed{9}$ keys.

ENTER key The key to store the parameter

and return to step 1.

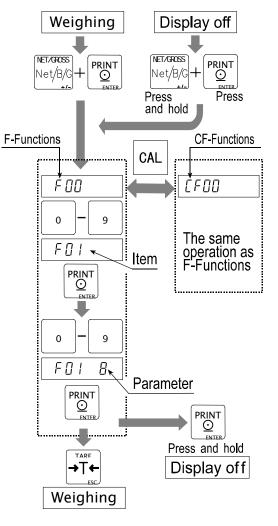
ESC key The key to return to step 1

without changing the

parameter.

CLEAR key The key to restore the display

to the initial setting.(Type1)
Changes the sub item.(Type2,
Type3) Type2 and Type3 are
indicated in the parameter table.



Exiting from the Function Setting Mode

Press ESC key to proceed to the weighing mode when an item number is displayed.



6.2. F-Functions

Weighing Conditions (Digital Filter, Zero Tracking and Stability)

Item	Parameter	Description		
		2 d/ 1.6s		
	1	4 d/ 1.6s		
	2	8 d/ 1.6s		
	3	16 d/ 1.6s		
	4	32 d/ 1.6s		
F00	5	64 d/ 1.6s	If weak filter is set, the response	
Filter	5	128 d/ 1.6s	will be fast, but will be more	
Motion / Averaging	7	2 d/ 3.2s	sensitive to external influences	
time	*8	4 d/ 3.2s	such as vibration.	
	9	8 d/ 3.2s]	
	10	16 d/ 3.2s		
	11	32 d/ 3.2s		
	12	64 d/ 3.2s		
	13	128 d/ 3.2s		
		OFF		
	1	0.5 d/ 1s	This function traces the weight	
	2	1.0 d/ 1s	value drifting around the zero	
	3	1.5 d/ 1s	point slowly, displayed as zero.	
F0	4	2.0 d/ 1s	f a strong parameter is set, a	
Zero tracking	5	2.5 d/ 1s	very small zero drift may be not	
Zero tracking	5	0.5 d/ 2s	detected.	
	7	1.0 d/ 2s		
	*8	1.5 d/ 2s	If [F00 is I, then only 0 or I can be	
	9	2.0 d/ 2s	selected for F0 /. (Initial setting is /)	
	10	2.5 d/ 2s		
	0	No motion detection	The function to set the conditio	
		0.5 d/ 0.5s	of judgment whether a weight	
	2	1.0 d/ 0.5s	value is unstable or stable. The	
F02	3	2.0 d/ 0.5s	ZERO key and TARE key are	
STABLE mark	4	3.0 d/ 0.5s	active in the stable state. If these	
Motion detection	5	4.0 d/ 0.5s	keys need to be active in the	
condition	5	0.5 d/ 1s	unstable state, select / for [F04.	
	1	1.0 d/ 1s	If ℂԲℿℿ is 1, then only 5 or 7 can	
	*8	2.0 d/ 1s	be selected for F@2. (Initial	
	9	3.0 d/ 1s	setting is 5.)	
	10	4.0 d/ 1s		
	0	Once (STABLE on)	Set the number of times the	
F[]3	1	Twice in succession	STABLE mark turns on in succession, before output/print out.	
Auto Printing/Auto Accumulation timing	*2	Three times	If ££@@ is 1, then only 2 or 3 can	
3	3	Four times	be selected for F□∃.	

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

s: second.

^{*:} Initial settings.

Display and Other General Functions

Item	Parameter	Description		
FOY	* []	5 times/s The selection in the unstable		
Display update rate	1	10 times/s	condition.	
	l x	Key click (ON/OFF)	Left: Item, select using the ZERO	
	2 x	LoLo / Zero band	key	
	∃ x	Lo	Right: Parameter, select using	
F05 [Type2]	Чх	OK	the 0 - 9 keys	
Buzzer	5 x	HI	0: OFF 1: Continuous	
	6 x	HiHi / Batch finish / Full	2: 4 times/s 3: 2 times/s 4: 1 time/s 5: 1 time/2s Initial value is 11, others x0.	
F06	□□ to	Command address	Initial patting is III	
Device ID (Address)	99	or DeviceID	Initial setting is \mathbb{G} .	
FO7	* []	Disable		
Counting function	1	Enable		

^{*:} Initial settings. s: second.

Key Switch

Key Switch		
Item	Parameter	Description
F I∂ [Type2] Disabling key switches	* [] Enable Disable CODE key SAMPLE key SETPOINT key PT key TOTAL key M+ key START key STOP key Which was a series of the	Left: Key Right: * 1 Enable Disable ZERO Key to select a key F : The same function as the CAL key O, 1 key to select Enable/Disable When F 3 , F 4 and F 5 are set to 7 and the terminal is connected to the common, all keys are enabled, regardless of
	d NET/GROSS key	the F 12 setting.
	E PRINT key	
	F ZERO+TARE = C	AL

^{*:} Initial settings.

External Input

Item	Parameter	Description		
10111	* []	Not used (No function)		
	1	ZERO key		
	5	TARE key		
	3	NET/GROSS key		
	4	ON/OFF key		
	5	PRINT key, ENTER key		
	5	(No function)		
	7	Serial data output (Format 1)		
	8	Serial data output (Format 2)		
F 13	9	Accumulation (M+)		
EXT1	10	Start batching		
Function selection of	11	Stop batching		
external input	12	"Over" signal, Gross over and display data out when ON		
	13	NET weight display when shorting the terminal.		
	14	Accumulated data display when shorting the terminal.		
	15	Execute comparison when shorting the terminal.		
	15	Display by the second unit when shorting the terminal.		
	17	All keys are enable when shorting the terminal.		
		(Ignores the F I ≥ temporarily)		
	18	Inhibit memory code reading when shorting the terminal.		
	19	Start averaging to hold		
	20	Release holding data		
F14	🛮 to 17,	/9 and ∂0 Same as F /3		
EXT2	18	Memory cord (BCD 1)		
F 15	,	19 and 20 Same as F 13		
EXT3	18	Memory cord (BCD 2)		

^{*:} Initial settings.

Accumulation

Accumulation				
Item	Parameter	Description		
	10 11	Do not add(0)/Add(1)	Left: Sub item, select using the	
F20 [Type2]	20 21	Manual(0)/Automatic(1)	ZERO key	
Accumulation Mode	30 31	+ Only(0) / Both +/- (1)	Right: Setting, select using the	
	40 41	OK only(0)/All data(1)	Initial settings: I□, 2 I, 3 I, 4 I	
	0	Add data anytime	Coloction of the inhibit region for	
F2 I	*	Above ±5 d	Selection of the inhibit region for	
Inhibit region for	2	Above ±10 d	accumulation. Do not set F♂ to ☐ when Auto	
accumulation	3	Above ±20 d	accumulation (F20=21).	
	4	Above ±50 d		

d: division (weighing interval) of first range.

^{*:} Initial settings.

Comparator

Item	Parameter	Description		
TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	* []	Not used		
	1	Upper/lower limit comparison (2 limit	rs)	
	2	Upper/lower limit comparison (Targe	,	
	3	Upper/lower limit comparison (Targe		
	4	HH/Hi/OK/Lo/LL comparison (4 limits		
6.7.7	5	HH/Hi/OK/Lo/LL comparison (Target and allowance)		
F22	5	HH/Hi/OK/Lo/LL comparison (Target and % allowance)		
Comparator function	7	Check weighing 1	,	
	8	Check weighing 2		
	9	Check weighing 3		
	10	Simple batch 1		
	11	Simple batch 2		
	12	Simple batch 3 (Loss in weight)		
F23 (F22= I to 6)	10 11	Includes zero band(1)		
[Type2]	20 21	Includes minus(1)	Initial settings are	
Validation of	30 31	Stable(0) /All time(1)	//,2/,3/and 40.	
comparison	40 41	All time(0)/Start, stop(1)		
F23 (F22= 10 to 12)	10 11	Tare when start(1)		
[Type2]	20 21	Stop after Full by key(0)/Auto(1)	Initial settings are	
Sub function for	30 31	Over/Under judgment:	//,2/,3/ and 40.	
batch weighing		after dribble flow(0) / Batch finish(1)	rije rije rana ran	
	40 41	No function		
F24	* []	Over	Effective when	
Relay output	1	Under	F22=7,9,10 or 12.	
selection	2	Finish (F22= 10) / Full (F22=9, 12)	F22=9, I0, I2	
F25	ΩΩ to	Relay on time by 0.1second step	Initial setting is 00.	
Batch finish output time	9,9	(00 : continuous to zero band)		
F26	-999999 to 999999		Initial setting is \mathbb{G} .	
Zero band				

^{*:} Initial settings.

Hold

11014			
Item	Parameter	Description	
	* []	Not hold (Hold function is off)	
F27	1	Manual hold	
Hold mode	2	Auto hold	
	3	Manual and Auto hold	
F28	0 <u>.</u> 0 to	Averaging time by 0.1second step	Initial patting in TT
Averaging time	9.9	(□□ : hold at start	Initial setting is 0.0.

^{*:} Initial settings.

Data Output *: Initial settings.

		0	
Item	Parameter	Description	
	* 🛭	No data output	
F30	1	Analog output	Set F3 1, 32, 33
Data output	2	Serial output	RS-232C,
	3	Serial output (Zero suppressing)	RS-422/485

Analog Output *: Initial settings.

7 maiog output . 1	mai ootti	go.	
Item	Parameter	Description	
F3	* []	Display data	
Output data	1	Gross data	
Output data	2	Net data	
F32	_ 000001	O to OOOOOO (Initial patting is 7)	Polarity is
Weight value at 4mA output	נככככ־	B to 999999 (Initial setting is 0)	changed by
F33	-999999 to 999999 (Initial setting is		pressing the +/-
Weight value at 20mA output	10000)	•	key.

Serial Data Format

Item	Parameter	Description		
	x []	Terminator	Left 3 digits: order	
	x /	Device ID (selected at F06)	of output (1-999),	
F34 [Type3] Serial data format 1	x 2	Code memory number	select using the	
	χЭ	Data number *	ZERO key	
	хЧ	Result of comparison	Right 1 digit:	
Initial value 19, 2E, 3R 4F ES0	x 5	(Reserved)	output data,	
	хБ	(Reserved)	select using the	
	x 7	Accumulated data		
	x 8	Accumulation count		
F35 [Type3] Serial data format 2	x 9	Stable / Over	"Exxx" indicates	
	xЯ	Displayed weight	the end of data	
	хЬ	Gross weight	to output	
Initial value	χC	Net weight	NET/GROSS key:	
	Хd	Tare weight	Expand or	
	x E	Weight type (G /N / T, refer to [F05)	shorten output	
	хF	Weight unit (Refer to [F□7)	data length	

- - Output of initial setting of F34(19, 2E, 38 4F E50) is like "ST, GR, +12345.6kg".
- 2 The data number (parameter ∃) increments automatically with each serial data output from 1 to 99999 (1 comes after 99999). The starting number can be set by the keys.
 - Press the CODE(1) key while pressing the PRINT key in the weighing mode. The display changes to ARER r then r xxx. "xxx" is the next data number. Use the 0 9 keys to enter the number and press the ENTER key to store the number and return to the weighing mode.

Current Loop Output

Item	Parameter	Description	
	* []	Displayed data	
ר זר	1	Gross data	
F 36	2	Net data	
Output data	3	Tare data	
	4	Gross data / Net data / Tare data	
	0	Stream mode	
	1	Manual mode	
F37	2	Auto print mode(+)	
Output mode	3	Auto print mode(+/-)	
	4	When accumulation, automatically output	
	* 5	Not used	
F 38	* []	No delay	
Delay for F35=4	1	2.0 seconds (No delay when F∃7=0)	
F 39	0	600 bps	
Baud rate	1	1200 bps	
Dauu Tale	* 2	2400 bps	

^{*:}Initial settings.

bps: bit per second.

Serial Interface

Item	Parameter	Description		
	* []	Stream mode, command is not acceptable		
	1	Manual mode, command is effective		
F40	2	Auto print mode(+), command is effective		
Output mode	3	Auto print mode(+/-), command is effective		
	4	When accumulation, automatically output		
	5	Command mode (output by command only)		
	0	No output		
FYI	*	Manual, Fixed format		
Accumulated data	2	Auto, Fixed format		
output at	3	Manual, Format 1 (F∃Ч)		
accumulated data	4	Auto, Format 1 (F34)		
display	5	Manual, Format 2 (F 35)		
	5	Auto, Format 2 (F35)		
	* []	No delay		
 F42	1	0.5 second		
Delay for continual data	2	1.0 second		
Delay for Continual data	3	1.5 seconds		
	4	2.0 seconds		
F43	* []	Not use		
Command address	1	Used (selected at FD5)		
FYY	* []	Approx. 1 second		
Time out	1	No limitation		
F45	* []	CR, LF (0Dh, 0Ah)		
Terminator	1	CR (0Dh)		

^{*:} settings.

Serial Interface (continued)

Item	Parameter	Description	
F46	* []	DP:point(.) / Delimiter:comma(,) Common to	
DP / Delimiter	1	DP:comma(,)/ Delimiter:semicolon(;)	sending/receiving
	0	600 bps	
F47 Baud rate		1200 bps	
	* 2	2400 bps	
	3	4800 bps	
	Ч	9600 bps	
 F48	* []	Data 7bits, Even parity	
	1	Data 7bits, Odd parity	
Data bits, parity	2	Data 8bits, Non parity	

^{*:} Initial settings. bps: bit per second.

Description of "Stream Mode"

Function *F37 0*, *F40 0*

Operation The data is output at every sampling (when refreshing the display).

Use this mode to output data to an external display (The data may not be output due to timing of the baud rate and internal sampling rate) or to print data by pressing the PRINT key on the printer.

Description of "Manual Print"

Function *F37* 1, *F40* 1

Operation When the PRINT key is pressed, the stable weight data is output just once.

Description of "Auto Print Mode"

Function F37 2, F37 3, F40 2 or F40 3

Operation When the weight data enters the "inhibit region for output" and becomes stable in the "permission region of output", the stable data is output or printed just once. To use this mode, set $F \square \nearrow Z$ to $I \cap Z$ but not $Z \cap Z$.

- □ For weighing (and removing) each object and printing the data.
- ☐ In case of <u>F37</u> 2, <u>F40</u> 2
- "Inhibit region for output" \leq +5d. +5d < "permission region of output". In case of $\boxed{F373}$, $\boxed{F403}$
- -5d ≤ "inhibit region for output" ≤ +5d.

"Permission region of output" < -5d, +5d < "permission region of output".

d: division (weighing interval) of the first range.

Description of "Delay for continual data"

Function F38, F42

Operation This function can be used in the "Auto print mode" and "Manual print mode".

When using a non-buffered printer, set to $\boxed{F42 - 3}$ and $\boxed{F43 - 1}$ (or $\boxed{F38 - 1}$).



6.3. CF-Functions

Item	Parameter	Description		
CF00	* 🛭 No limitation			
Zero track width, motion detection condition	1	Use limitation at F0 1, F02, F03, F27 and F28.		
	* []	±2% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP		
[F0	1	±10% of CAP, Tare limit is 100 % CAP		
Zero range (by pressing	5	±3% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP		
the ZERO key)	3	±4% of CAP, Tare limit is 50 % CAP		
	0	Not to zero when turning the display on.		
CF02	*	±10% of CAP		
Power on zero range	2	± 3% of CAP		
	3	± 4% of CAP		
5503	0	Gross when displaying gross.		
[FO]	1	Gross		
Zero tracking	* 2	Gross or Net when displaying net.		
CFOY		TARE, ZERO in motion / TARE at negative gross		
TARE, ZERO in motion /	* []	Not accepted / Not accepted		
TARE at negative gross	1	Execute / Not accepted		
value	2	Not accepted / Execute		
value	3	Execute / Execute		
CF05	* []	Not to output unstable or overload data.		
Output overload and		Effective in key mode.		
unstable data	1	To output data always.		
		GROSS / NET / TARE / Preset TARE		
CF06	* []	GR / NT / TR / TR		
Header 2	1	GR / NT / TR / PT		
	2	G_ / N_ / T_ / PT (_:Space 20h)		
CF07	* []	Two digits Serial output data		
Figure number of unit	1	i nree digits		
CF08	* []	Not used (Ineffective)		
Accumulation function	1	Used (Effective)		
CF09	* []	Used (Effective)		
Preset Tare (PT)	1	Not used (Ineffective)		

CAP : maximum capacity *: Initial settings

Power on ZERO (CF02)

 $[F \square ? = \square]$ After power on, the weight display starts immediately.

 $[F \square 2 = 1, 2, 3]$ When the zero range is exceeded at power on, _____ is displayed.

Press the ESC key to start the weight display



7. Tare

- □ The function is used to display a net value with the container weight subtracted from the total weight, if you place an object into a container to weigh it.
- □ Using a serial interface such as RS-232C, you can do this from the external equipment.

Caution \Box When turning the display off with [FD] = 1, 2 or \exists , the tare data is cleared.

When turning the power off, the tare data is cleared.



7.1. Weighing Tare

Operation Place the tare on the weighing unit. Wait for the STABLE mark to turn on and press the TARE key to store the tare weight. The display changes to net.

Caution • When the gross value is zero or negative, tare can not be used (with [F04=0, 1]).

To enable tare at zero or a negative gross value, specify at [F04.

4

7.2. Digital Input

Caution

The input value is rounded off to the unit of division (weighing interval).

- □ In the case of [F@2=1, 2] or \exists (power-on zero), the displayed value will be zeroed when turning the display on.
- □ When using a multi-interval scale, the usable input range is the first range.
- □ In the case of [F0] = I(To inhibit preset tare), preset tare can not be used.
- Preset tare is stored as one of the code memory data. Refer "9. Code Memory".
- Preset tare value can be set via the serial interface.
- Step 1 Press the PT key to display the stored tare value and the triangle ▼ mark blinking. When the tare is cleared or is not used, the value is zero.
- Step 2 Enter a new tare value using the 0 9 keys.

ENTER key The key to store a new tare value.

The triangle ▼ mark is turned on and the net is displayed.

ESC key The key to return to the previous stage (weighing mode or code memory number selection mode) without changing the stored value.

7.3. Clearing Tare

- □ When pressing the TARE key while gross is zero, tare is cleared and gross is displayed.
- □ When zeroing with the ZERO key, tare is cleared.



8. Accumulation

The function accumulates weight data and stores the total data and the accumulation count. Data is stored in non-volatile memory, and is not lost even if the power is turned off.

\mathbf{Q}

8.1. Preparation and Specification

Set the following parameters to use the accumulation function.

- □ Set CF-function [F@8] to I to enable the accumulation function.
- □ Specify the method of accumulation and data at F20 of the F-functions.
- □ Specify the inhibit region for accumulation at F2 / of the F-functions.

Selection of Accumulation Mode, F20 of the F-functions

- □ There are two methods of accumulation; manual accumulation using the M+ key and automatic accumulation.
- □ The data to accumulate can be selected from "positive data only" or "both polarity data".
- The data to accumulate can be selected from "result of comparison is OK only" or "all results".

Accumulation Condition, F21 of the F-function

- □ In the case of manual accumulation mode, press the M+ key to accumulate weight data when the STABLE mark is displayed.
- Data can be accumulated after the weight data enters the "inhibit region for output". When turning the display on, the accumulation mode takes the same action.

Inhibit region for accumulation	F21	Description	
Add data anytime	F2 0	Stable data can be used anytime	
Above ±5 d	F2	Factory setting	
Above ±10 d	F2 2		
Above ±20 d	F21 3		
Above ±50 d	F21 4		

Caution \Box Do not set to $F \ge 1 = 0$ for the automatic accumulation mode.

□ If $F \supseteq I$ is set to I, the same data may be added two times or more.

Limitation of Accumulation Count and Total

- The limitation of accumulation count is 999999.
 The limitation of total is 999999 ignoring the decimal point.
- If exceeding these limitations, the data is not accumulated.
 Example: When the decimal point is set to "0.0", the limitation is "99999.9".



8.2. Display and Operation

Action of Accumulation

When accumulating data, the display blinks once.
 If the accumulated data is stored, the M+ mark is displayed.

Caution

This function can not accumulate data with a different unit. Specify a unit before use.

Display of Accumulated Data

- □ With <code>FBB=!</code> (Effective accumulation function), press the <code>TOTAL</code> key. After <code>EBBL</code> appears, the total data is displayed with the M+ mark blinking.

 Pressing the <code>TOTAL</code> key alternatively displays the accumulated data and the accumulation count. Press the <code>ESC</code> key to return to the weighing mode.
- □ The total data can be output. Refer to "Output of Accumulated Data" on the next page.

Undoing the Accumulated Data

- □ The last weight data can be deleted from the accumulated data unless new data has been accumulated.
- Step 1 Press the TOTAL key to display Fatal and the accumulated data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the +/- key for more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the data, accumulated before the last weight data, is displayed.

Caution External input can not be used.

Clearing the Accumulated Data

- Step 1 Press TOTAL key to display Fotal and the accumulated data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the ZERO key for more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the accumulated data is cleared.

Caution External input can not be used.

Initializing the Data Number and Clearing the Accumulated Data at the same time

- □ When the data number is included with the data of the serial data output, initializing the data number and clearing accumulated data can be done at the same time.
- Step 1 Press TOTAL key to display botal and the accumulated data.
- Step 2 Press and hold the ZERO and +/- keys at the same time for more than 3 seconds. The display blinks once and the accumulated data is cleared. And the data number is initialized (1).

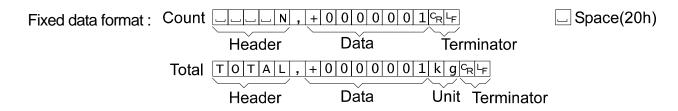
Caution External input can not be used.

Output of Accumulated Data

- □ The accumulated data can be output to the serial interface.
- □ Output by manual or automatic, and output data format is selected at F4 l of the F-function setting.

F41	Parameter	Manual/Automatic	Format	
	0	No output		
	* !	Manual		
Accumulated data	1	(Initial setting)	Fixed format	
output at	2	Automatic		
accumulated data	3	Manual	Format 1(aslested at 574)	
display	4	Automatic	Format 1(selected at ₹∃Ч)	
	5	Manual	Format 2(aslasted at 535)	
	5	Automatic	Format 2(selected at F35)	

- Step 1 Press the TOTAL key to display Fatal and the accumulated data.
- Step 2 If automatic output is selected, the data is output once.
- Step 3 If manual output, press the PRINT key while the accumulated data is displayed, to output data.





9. Code Memory

- □ This indicator has four code memories (1 through 4). Each code memory stores a set of setpoints, preset tare and the unit weight for piece counting.
- □ The data is stored in non-volatile memory, and is not lost even if power is turned off.
- Memory number 0 is a temporary memory and the data is lost when power is turned off.
- □ The active code memory number can be changed by key switch, external control input, or a command via the serial interface.
- □ The data set can be copied from one code memory to another code memory.



9.1. Using Code Memory

- ESC key......The key to set the comparator value. Refer "10. Comparison"

 PT keyThe key to set the preset tare data. Refer "7.2. Digital Input".

 ESC key......The key to return to step 1.

 ENTER keyThe key to store the selected code memory number's data and return to the weighing mode.

Changing the Code Memory Number by External Input

- □ The code memory number can be changed by external input from OP-05 or OP-08.
- □ Set F14 and F15 to 18. (OP-08 has only one input; set F15)
- □ F13=18: Inhibit reading EXT.2 and EXT.3 to prevent unintentional reading when switching the codes.

EXT.2 (F 14)	EXT.3 (F 15)	Code Memory number	
ON ON		1	
OFF ON		2	
ON OFF		3	
OFF OFF		4	



10. Comparison

- This function has the "upper / lower comparison", the "5-stage(HilHi / Hi / OK / Lo / LoLo) comparison", the "setpoint comparison" and the "simple batch". They compare the weight data with preset parameters and can output the result of the comparison to the display and buzzer, also to the relay-outputs of OP-03, OP-05 and OP-08.
- □ Set the F-function F22 and F23 to use the "upper / lower comparison", the "5-stage(HiHi / Hi / OK / Lo / LoLo) comparison" (these two comparison methods will be combined and hereafter be called the "Weight check mode"), and F22 through F25 to use the "setpoint comparison" and the "simple batch".
- □ There are four code memories for the setpoints. Data is stored in non-volatile memory and is not lost even if power is turned off.
- □ Code memory can be selected by key switch, external control input, or a command via the serial interface. Refer to "13.3. Command Format".

\mathbf{X}

10.1. Weight Check Mode

- This function compares the weight data with the upper and lower limit values (upper/lower limit comparison) or with four limit values of HiHi, Hi, Lo and LoLo (5-stage comparison), and displays, sounds the buzzer and outputs the results to the three relays of HI, OK and LO. Use this comparison when judging whether a weight is proper.
- □ Set the F-function $F \supseteq 2$ to 1, 2 or 3 to use upper/ lower limit comparison and 4, 5 or 4, 5 or 4 to use 5-stage comparison.
- □ Select a parameter of the F-function F23 for the comparison condition.
- \Box Set the F-function F2B (zero band) if F2B is set to ID (not to compare in the zero band).
- Specify the upper and lower limit / HiHi, Hi, Lo, LoLo limit values.
- □ When entering the limit value(s), it is not necessary to enter the F-function F22 and F23 again unless comparison conditions are changed.
- There are 3 type of limit values for each comparison.
 - (1) Set the limit value (upper and lower limit / HiHi, Hi, Lo, LoLo limit).
 - (2) Set the Target value and an acceptable tolerance(upper and lower) in weight. The limit value is calculated automatically.
 - (3) Set the Target value and an acceptable tolerance(upper and lower) in percentage of the target weight. The limit value is calculated automatically.

Example. Target = 50 kg, Upper limit = 51 kg, Lower limit = 48 kg

- (1) Hi (Upper limit): 51 (kg), Lo (Lower limit): 48 (kg)
- (2) TG (Target): 50 (kg), Hi (Upper acceptable tolerance): 1 (kg), Lo (Lower acceptable tolerance): 2 (kg) not negative value
- (3) TG (Target): 50 (kg), Hi (Upper acceptable tolerance): 2 (% of Target), Lo (Lower acceptable tolerance): 4 (% of Target) not negative value

10.1.1. Condition Formula for Comparison

Comparison is performed based on the following formula.

Upper/lower comparison

Judge	Condition Formula	Display	Output
HI	Upper limit (Hi limit) value < Displayed value	HI	HI
OK	Lower limit value≦ Displayed value≦ Upper limit value	OK	OK
LO	Displayed value < Lower limit (Lo limit) value	LO	LO

5-stage comparison

Judge	Condition Formula	Display	Output
HiHi	HiHi limit value < Displayed value	HI, ▼ 2	HI
HI	Upper limit (Hi limit) value < Displayed value	HI	HI, OK
OK	Lower limit value≦ Displayed value≦ Upper limit value	OK	OK
LO	Displayed value < Lower limit (Lo limit) value	LO	LO, OK
LoLo	Displayed value < LoLo limit value	LO, ▼ 3	LO

- □ The decimal point is ignored. Example: If the upper limit value is 10.0, enter 100.
- □ These parameters are stored in non-volatile memory, and are not lost even if the power is turned off. (except code 0 memory).
- When the displayed value becomes an overload (positive over), HI (over) is output. When the displayed value becomes an under load (negative over), LO (under) is output.
- □ This function compares the Hi / HiHi limit value first.
- This function does not check the relationship between the upper and lower limit values.

10.1.2. Setting the Upper/Lower Limit Values

- Step 1 By pressing the <u>SETPOINT</u> key, the selected code memory number is displayed and the first comparison class term (Hi, TG, etc.) is blinking.
- Step 2 Select the comparison class using the following keys:

SETPOINT key The key to select a comparison class.

ESC key.....The key to return to the previous stage (weighing mode or code memory number selection mode).

ENTER keyThe key to proceed to step 3.

Step 3 Set the setpoint values using the following keys.

0 - 9 keyThe key to enter a value.

ESC key.....The key to return to step 2 without changing the set value.

ENTER keyThe key to store the value and return to step 2.

Setting Order and Display for Weight Check Mode

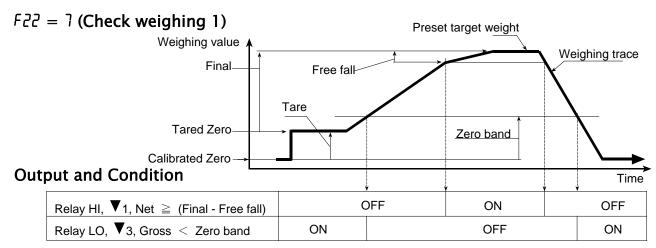
F22	MODE	Display	1	2	3	4	5
1	Upper	Setpoint	Upper	Lower			
	Lower 1	Class	Hi	Lo			
		Comparator	HI	LO			
2	Upper	Setpoint	Target	Upper	Lower		
	Lower 2	Class	tG	Hi	Lo		
		Comparator	OK	HI	LO		
3	Upper	Setpoint	Target	Upper	Lower		
	Lower 3	Class	tG	Hi	Lo		
		Comparator	OK	HI	LO		
		Unit		%	%		
4	5-stage	Setpoint	HiHi	Hi	Lo	LoLo	
	1	Class	HH	Hi	Lo	LL	
		Comparator	HI	HI	LO	LO	
		Triangle ▼	2			3	
5	5-stage	Setpoint	Target	HiHi	Hi	Lo	LoLo
	2	Class	TG	HH	Hi	Lo	LL
		Comparator	OK	HI	HI	LO	LO
		Triangle ▼		2			3
Б	5-stage	Setpoint	Target	HiHi	Hi	Lo	LoLo
	3	Class	TG	HH	Hi	Lo	LL
		Comparator	OK	HI	HI	LO	LO
		Unit		%	%	%	%
		Triangle ▼		2			3



10.2. Setpoint Comparison

- This function includes the weighing sequence and is uses for acquiring a preset target weight.
- □ Four parameters of "Final", "Preliminary", "Free fall" and "Zero band" are used for the setpoint comparison.
- □ The result of the sequence is output to the three relays of OP-03, OP-05 or OP-08.
- □ It is not necessary to enter the F-function F22 again unless comparison conditions are changed.

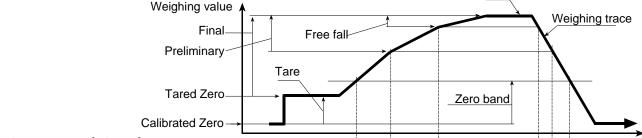
10.2.1. Description of Input Parameters and Outputs



Relay OK output can be changed to OVER or UNDER by F24. The triangle ▼2 is not displayed.

OVER/UNDER is judged always and the result is output to the LED and the relay.

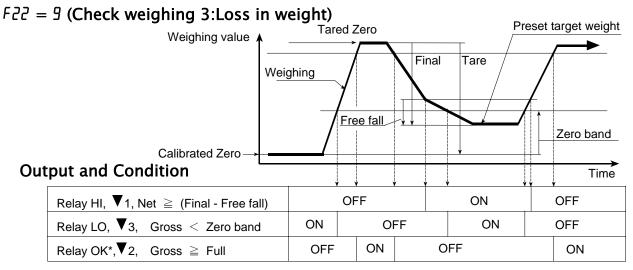
Preset target weight



Output and Condition Time Relay HI, ▼1, Net ≥ (Final - Free fall) OFF ON OFF Relay OK, ▼2, Net ≥ (Final - Preliminary) OFF ON OFF Relay LO, ▼3, Gross < Zero band ON OFF ON

OVER/UNDER is judged always and the result is output to the LED but not to the relay.

F22 = B (Check weighing 2)



^{*} Relay OK output can be changed to OVER or UNDER by F24.

Triangle \bigvee 2 is displayed when Gross \geqq Full regardless of the F24 setting. OVER/UNDER is judged always and the result is output to the LED and the relay.

10.2.2. Simple Batch

The weighing sequences of Simple batch $(F \supseteq 2 = 10, 11 \text{ or } 12)$ are similar to those of Check weighing $(F \supseteq 2 = 7, 8 \text{ or } 9)$ respectively. The differences are listed below.

- 1 Basically ON/OFF of the relay and the LED is reversed.
- 2 No judgement other than Zero band and Full before input Start signal.
- 3 The weighing completion condition is set by $\lceil 2 \rceil = 2x$ and it is effective after Start.
- 4 The outputs of Preliminary and Free fall are off from weighing completion to the next start.
- 5 Weighing completion can be output by F24 and F25.
- 6 The start signal can be accepted after weighing completion even the weight is not within the zero band.
- 7 Over/Under output is set by $\lceil 2 \rceil = \exists x$.

Start

Tare automatically when the Start is input if $F \supseteq \exists = 1 \mid 1$.

The READY mark turns off when the Start is input.

Weighing Completion

The weighing completion condition is set by f = 3 = 2x

F23=20: Either the STOP key is pressed or the Batch stop input is on

F23=2 / : Stable is detected after reaching Final

Toward the Zero band

Preliminary and Free fall output maintain the off state.

The judgment is not latched and the output is according to the state at the time.

The Weighing completion relay is turned on if F24=2. The on time is set by F25.

The READY mark is blinking regardless of F24 and F25.

Start may be accepted at this state.

Returns to Zero band

Over/Under and Weighing completion output is off.

The READY mark is turned on.

10.2.3. Setting the Parameters of Setpoint Comparison

Refer to "10.1.2. Setting Upper/Lower Limit Values".

Zero band value is set at $F \supseteq b$ of the F-Function, and the value does not belong to a specific code memory, but is used commonly.

Setting Order and Display for Setpoint Comparison and Simple batch

F22	MODE	Display	1	2	3	4	5
7	Setpoint	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Over	Under	
	Comparison	Class	Fi	FF	Hi	Lo	
	1	Comparator	OK		HI	LO	
		Triangle ▼		1			
8	Setpoint	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Preliminary	Over	Under
	Comparison	Class	Fi	FF	Pr	Hi	Lo
	2	Comparator	OK			HI	LO
		Triangle ▼		1	2		
9	Setpoint	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Full	Over	Under
	Comparison	Class	Fi	FF	Fu	Hi	Lo
	3	Comparator	OK			HI	LO
		Triangle ▼		1	2		
10	Simple	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Over	Under	
	Batch 1	Class	Fi	FF	Hi	Lo	
		Comparator	OK		HI	LO	
		Triangle ▼		1			
11	Simple	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Preliminary	Over	Under
	Batch 2	Class	Fi	FF	Pr	Hi	Lo
		Comparator	OK			HI	LO
		Triangle ▼		1	2		
12	Simple	Setpoint	Final	Free fall	Full	Over	Under
	Batch 3	Class	Fi	FF	Fu	Hi	Lo
		Comparator	OK			HI	LO
		Triangle ▼		1	2		



11. Hold Function

- □ This function displays the hold weight data after averaging the weight data for a specific period.
- Useful to determine a living animal's weight.
- □ Averaging time can be set up to 9.9 seconds by a 0.1 second step.
- 3 methods are available to start averaging; manual start, start automatically after stable and manual / automatic start.
- Manual start is available with key switch or external input.
- Serial interface commands are also available; averaging start, releasing the hold data and outputting the hold state. Refer to "13.3.4. Commands for Hold Function".

Caution \Box This function can not be used with [FDD = I].

- □ Averaging can not start at a displayed value smaller than +/- 5 digits.
- OVER data is not included for averaging.
- When powered off, hold is released automatically.
- No peak hold function.

The Display and the Data Output of Hold and Average

- □ The weight display blinks during the averaging period.
- □ The output data in the averaging period is the actual weight at the time.
- □ The weighing unit blinks when the weight display is in the hold state.
- □ The output data format of the hold weight data is the same as that of the normal weight data except the header of stable state is "HD" in the response to the "RW" or "RW,n"(n=1 or 2) command.

Relations to the Other Functions

□ If automatic accumulation (F2@=2I) and/or auto print (F3?=2, 3, F4@=2, 3) is set, accumulation and/or data output is performed after the hold data is obtained.



11.1. Setting the Hold Functions

- □ F27 determines how to start averaging.
 - F27= / Manual start: Start averaging and release with key switch operation.
 - Automatic start: After passing the inhibit region * and detecting stable **, start averaging automatically, release when the weight returns to the inhibit region.
 - F27=3 Both Manual start and Automatic start.

*inhibit region 0 +/- 5 digits

**stable detection Satisfied both FO2 and FO3

- \Box *F28* determines the averaging time by 0.1second step. *F28=0* holds the data at averaging start.
- □ The key switch function as the HOLD key (Average start or release holding data): Press the TOTAL key while pressing the ENTER key.
- □ The external input function of averaging start is 19 and hold release is 20 of F13, F14 and F15. The function is accepted at the off to on edge of the external input.

Conditions of Averaging and Release

The method to start/stop averaging and release the hold state depends on the F27.

Condition	F27=1	F27=2	F27=3
Average start in the inhibit region	No	No	No
Average start with key switch (including unstable)	Yes	No	Yes
Average start with ext. input (including unstable)	Yes	No	Yes
Average start with command (including unstable)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Average start after passing the inhibit region and stable	No	Yes	Yes
Weight is entering the inhibit region at averaging	Continue	Stop	Stop
Weight becomes over at averaging	Pending	Stop	Pending
Hold key input at averaging	Stop	Stop	Stop
Release input from external input at averaging	Stop	Stop	Stop
Release command input at averaging	Stop	Stop	Stop
Hold key input at hold	Release	Release	Release
Release input from external input at hold	Release	Release	Release
Release command input at hold	Release	Release	Release
Weight is entering the inhibit region at hold	Continue	Release	Release
Weight becomes over at hold	Continue*	Continue*	Continue*

Pending: Suspend the count up timer and do not average under the condition.

Release: Key, ext. input and command are effective at over display.

Continue*: Continue hold, but over display.

Key Input and Command in the Hold State

Release hold and perform key function:

Keys: TARE, ZERO, SETPOINT, TOTAL

Commands: MT, MZ, HC

Continue hold and perform key functions

Keys: NET/GROSS, Accumulation, Comparison start/stop

Commands: other commands



12. Counting Function

This function determines the number of objects in a sample based on the unit weight. The unit weight is stored as one of the code memory data in non-volatile memory, and is not lost even if power is turned off.

12.1. Using the Counting Function

- □ Set F□7 to / in the F-Functions.
- Select the code memory number. Refer to "9.1. Using Code memory".
- Register the unit weight. Refer to "12.2.Unit Weight Registration".
- □ Press the MODE key to enter the counting mode. The unit in the display changes to pcs.
- □ In the counting mode, TARE, ZERO, NET/GROSS and other operations are the same as that in the normal weighing mode.

12.2. Unit Weight Registration

- □ There are three methods to register the unit weight: By weighing the actual samples to determine the unit weight, by digital input of the unit weight, or by command via the serial interface.
- □ The unit weight is one item of the code memory data. Select the code memory number and start the unit weight registration in the counting mode. The unit weight registration can not be done from the code memory number display.
- □ The counting accuracy improvement function by re-calculating the unit weight based on the actual weight is not available..

Weigh	Actual Samples					
W	hen the unit weight is unknown, prepare some samples to determine the unit weight.					
Step 1	Enter the counting mode.					
Step 2	ep 2 Press the SAMPLE key to enter the unit weight registration mode. 5 0					
	5 - is displayed and unit pcs blinks. the left side of the display is the					
	number of samples. The right side of the display indicates the weight,					
	means that the weight is zero and means that the display is not at zero.					
Step 3	Select the number of samples and place the samples specified on the					
	weighing unit. Use the following keys:					
	0 - 9 keyThe key to set the number of samples. Maximum is 9999.					
	+/- keyThe key to select the number of samples, 5, 10, 20,					
	50,100.					
	ZERO keyThe key to set the zero point.					
	TARE keyThe key to tare, when using a container.					

ENTER keyThe key to register the unit weight and return to the counting mode. The unit weight is calculated automatically with the weight and the number of samples.

Press ESC key while pressing the +/- key

The key to return to the counting mode without changing the unit weight.

Notes

- It is preferable to have a large number of samples, to minimize the counting error.
- Press the ENTER key after the STABLE mark turns on.
- If the total weight of the samples is too light and is not adequate to be used as the unit weight, Lall is displayed for 2 seconds and returns to the registration display.

Digital Input

When the unit weight is known, digital input is available.

- Step 1 Start with the normal weighing mode.
- Step 2 Press the SAMPLE key. Wax and the unit weight is displayed with unit pcs blinking. Use the following keys:

0 - 9 keyThe key to set the unit weight. Maximum is 5 digits.

+/- key.....The key to select the weight unit of the unit weight.

ZERO keyThe key to clear the digital input. \Box ---- is displayed.

ESC key.....The key to return to the weighing mode without changing the registered unit weight.

ENTER keyThe key to register the unit weight and return to the weighing mode.

Press the MODE key while pressing +/- key....The key to shift the decimal point.

Command Input

When the unit weight is known, command input via the serial interface is available. For details, refer to "13.3. Command Format".



13. RS-232C Interface (OP-05, OP-08)



13.1. Specification

Transmission Asynchronous, bi-directional, half-duplex

Baud rate 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 bps

Data bits 7 bits, 8 bits

Parity bit 1 bit, Even or Odd (for 7data bits) or Non parity (for 8 data bits)

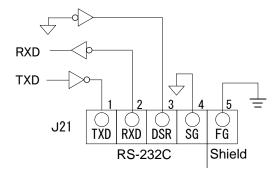
Start bit 1 bit
Stop bit 1 bit
Code ASCII

Terminator CR LF, CR (CR: 0Dh, LF: 0Ah)

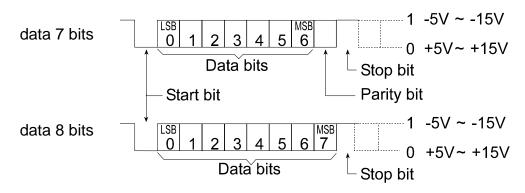
Connector Terminal block

Circuit and Pin Connection

F	Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description	
	1	TXD	Output	Transmit data	
	2	RXD	Input	Received data	
	3	DSR	Output	Data set ready	
	4	SG	-	Signal ground	
	5	FG	-	Shield (Frame ground)	



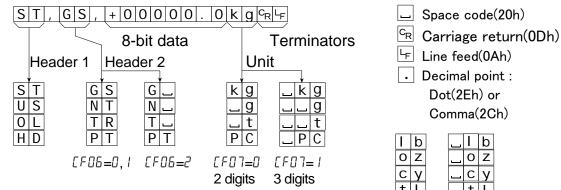
Bit Format





13.2. Data Format

- □ Two types of data format can be set at F-Function F34 and F35.
- □ The initial data format of F∃Y is shown below.



Header 1 F34, 35=9 (Status)

- ST Stable weight data
- US Unstable weight data
- OL Overload (Out of range)
- HD Held weight data (The response of the "RW and "RW,n" command)

Header 2 F∃4, ∃5=E (weight type)

GS or G Gross data

NT or N Net data

TR or T <u>Tare</u> data

PT Preset Tare

Data $F34, 35=8, b, \xi, d$ (weight data)

The first of the data bits is the polarity, "+" or "-".

When the data is zero, the polarity is "+".

8 bits including polarity and decimal point (dot or comma).

In case of "Out of range", the data are replaced with spaces except the decimal point.

Unit F34, 35=F (unit)

In case of [FD] = D, the unit length is 2 digits.

In case of $EF\Box \exists = I$, the unit length is 3 digits. Depending on circumstances, an A&D printer may not work correctly.



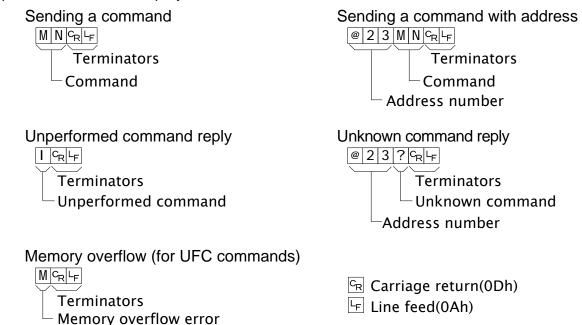
13.3. Command Format

Description of Command

- □ When performing a command, the received command or reply data is sent back.
- □ When the received command can not be performed such as in the "busy" state, the code " I " is sent back. In this case, insert a delay time. Electrical noise may be the cause of this error.

- □ When receiving an undefined command (unknown command), a "?" is sent back.
- □ When the memory is insufficient to store the data of UFC commands, an "M" is sent back.
- \square Optional addresses can be added to a command. The address form is "@address" and the address is specified at F-Function F \square \triangle . The reply (data or error code) is also sent with the address.

Example: Command is "Display net data". Address is 23.



13.3.1. Command to Request Data

Request Display Data (1)

When receiving this command, returns the displayed data immediately.

Template RW Command $R W^{c_R L_F}$ Reply S T, G S, + 00123. $0 k g^{c_R L_F}$

Request Display Data (2)

When receiving this command, returns the displayed data immediately with format 1 or 2.

Template RW,1 or RW,2 Command $\boxed{RW,1}$ or $\boxed{RW,2}$ or $\boxed{RW,2}$ Reply Format1(F34) or Format2(F35)

Request Gross weight

When receiving this command, returns the gross data immediately.

Request Net weight

When receiving this command, returns the net data immediately.

Template RN

Command RNCRLF

Reply S|T|, N|T|, +|0|0|1|2|3|. $|0|k|g|c_R|_F|$

Request Tare weight

When receiving this command, returns the tare data immediately.

Template RT

Command RTCRLF

Reply $ST, TR, +00123.0kg^{c_{R}L_{F}}$

Request Accumulated Data

When receiving this command, returns the accumulated data immediately.

Template RA

Command RACRLF

Reply Refer to the Fixed data format of "8.2. Display and Operation, Output

of Accumulated data".

Is Zero

When receiving this command, returns "at zero point" or no immediately.

Template RZ

Command RZCRLF

Reply 1 CR When at ZERO 0 CR F Not at ZERO

13.3.2. Commands to Control the Indicator

Zero Display

Sets the current display to the zero point.

Template MZ

Command MZCRLF

Reply MZCRLF

Tare

Sets the current display to zero of the net data.

Template MT

Command MTCRLF

Reply MTCRLF

Clear Tare Data

Clears the tare data and displays the gross data_.

Template CT

Command CTCRLF

Reply CTCRLF

Display Gross Data

Displays the gross data.

Template MG

Command MGCRLF

Reply MGCRLF

Display Net Data

Displays the net data.

Template MN

Command MNCRLF

Reply MNCRLF

Accumulation (M+)

Accumulates the displayed data.

Template MA

Command MAGRLF

Reply MACRLF

Clearing the Accumulated data

Clears the accumulated data.

Template CA

Command CACRLF

Reply CACRLF

Changing the Weight Unit

Changes the weight unit.

Template UC

Command UCCRLF

Reply UCCRLF

Changing the Code Memory

Changes the code memory number.

Template SC,m

m: code memory number, 0 - 4

Command SC, 4CRLF

Reply $SC, 4C_RL_F$

Disabling Key Switches

Disables the key switches. Once power off, no effect remains by this command.

Template DK,n

n: key switch number (0: all keys, 1 - F: refer F-Function F /∂)

Command DK, 4 CR F Example: to disable TARE key

Reply $DK, 4C_RL_F$

Enabling Key Switches

Enables the key switches that are disabled by the DK command. Not applicable to the keys disabled by $F \wr 2$.

Template EK,n

n: key switch number (0: all keys, 1 - F: refer F-Function F /∂)

Command EK, OCRLF Example: to enable all keys

Reply EK, OCRLF

13.3.3. Commands to Set Parameters

Set Limit/Setpoint Value

Sets the limit or setpoint value of the comparison. The decimal point is not necessary.

Template Sm,n, [value]

m: code memory number, 0 - 4

n: setpoint order number. Refer to "10.1.2. Setting the Upper/Lower Limit values" and "10.2.3. Setting the Parameters of Setpoint Comparison.

Set Zero Band

Sets the F26 value (zero band) of the comparison. The decimal point is not necessary.

Template SZ, [value]

Command $\boxed{S|Z|, + 7|4|8|c_R|_F}$ Reply $\boxed{S|Z|, + 7|4|8|c_R|_F}$

Set Preset Tare

Sets the preset tare value. The decimal point is not necessary.

Template PT,m, [value]

m: code memory number, 0 - 4

Command PT, 2, 213 c_RL_F Reply PT, 2, 213 c_RL_F

Set Unit Weight for Counting Mode

Sets the unit weight value with decimal point.

Template UW,m, [value]

m: code memory number, 0 - 4

13.3.4. Commands for Hold Function

Start Averaging to Hold

Starts averaging to hold. The reply differs with the conditions.

Template HS

Command HSCRLF

Reply HSCRLF Averaging start

HD, 1 CR LF Averaging now

HD, 2 CRLF Hold

Release the Hold Data

Release the hold data or stop averaging and goes to the normal weighing mode.

Template HC

Command $HC c_R L_F$ Reply $HC c_R L_F$

Request Hold State

When receiving this command, returns the average/hold state immediately.

Template HD

Command HDCRLF

Reply HD, OCRLF Not hold nor averaging

HD, 1 CR LF Averaging now

HD, 2 CRLF Hold

13.3.5. Commands to Set Serial Data Output Format (UFC)

Set Serial Data Format

Sets the serial output data format.

Format 1 (2) data is stored in the same memory area of F34 (F35).

Template SFf, [parameters]

f: Format number, 1 or 2

Command SF1, $SGRC_RL_F$ Reply SF1, $SGRC_RL_F$



13.4. UFC Command

- UFC (Universal Flexi Coms) function enables editing the serial data output format freely using the serial interface command.
- For customizing the printout of the printer or efficient data collection.
- Output data is not only the indicator's data/status but also characters at will.
- □ It can output the control code* of the printer. (* depends on the individual printer)
- □ There are 2 set of memories for storing the parameters.

UFC Command Parameter

UFC commands such as SF1 have many parameters.

- □ One command line can have a multiple number of parameters. The parameters are stored in memory in order.
- Multiple UFC commands are possible. The parameters are stored next to the last parameter stored by the last UFC command.
- Clear all of the data first, if storing a new set of parameters. The parameters in the stored data can not be changed partially.
- □ The various types of parameters and their descriptions are shown below.

data	Weight, result of comparison etc.
\$C	L Clear previous settings. UFC command parameters can not be
	changed partially.
\$V	/T Displayed data
\$G	R GRoss data
\$N	T NeT data
\$T	R TaRe data
\$H	D HeaDer of Gross/Net/Tare or Preset tare. Refer to CF06.
\$U	T Weight UniT
\$S	T STable/Unstable
\$C	P Result of ComParison
\$IE	ID number specified at F06
\$D	N Data Number increments with each output automatically
\$C	D CoDe memory number
\$A	N Accumulation count
\$T	L TotaL weight
\$C	M CoMma
\$C	R CR code (0Dh)
\$L	F LF code (0Ah)
\$D	E DElete the last parameter
^ -	

Inserting DeLay time (0.1 second step) Example: DL10: 1.0 second delay

\$DL

strings

Output the specified strings, enclosed by a single quotation (').

' itself is described using three single quotations; "".

Example: 'A & D' 'This is a sample of '".'

Set data bits = 8 bits if using the 8-bit characters.

hexadecimal

Control code of the printer etc, preceded by #.

2 characters preceded by # is hexadecimal code.

Example: #09, #7C

The #FF code can not be used because it is used for internal control.

Example

SF1,\$ID\$DN\$CR\$LF\$GR\$UT\$CR\$LF

Serial output data format 1, ID number, data number, carriage return and line feed, Gross weight, unit, carriage return and line feed.

SF2,' Welcome to A & D'\$LF'Total weight '\$AN\$TL\$LF\$LF

Serial output data format 2, the strings' Welcome to A & D' and line feed,
the strings 'Total weight' accumulation count, total weight, and 2 sets of
line feed.



14. RS-422/RS-485, Relay Output(OP-03)

- Replacing the RS-232C interface with this option, the RS-422/RS-485 interface can connect up to 32 indicators and control them from a computer or a PLC.
- □ The functions of RS-422/RS-485 interface are common to RS-232C except for the signal system.
- The relays output the result of comparison.

Solid-state-relay

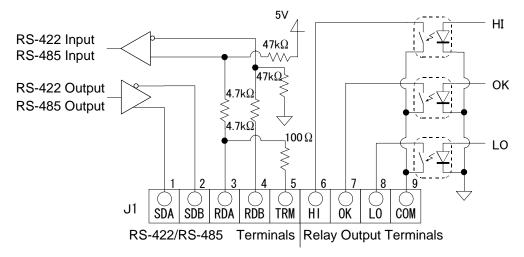
Maximum voltage 50VDC

Maximum current 100 mA DC

Maximum resistance 8 Ω

Pin connections and Circuits

Function	Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description
	1	SDA	Output	Transmission A terminal
RS-422	2	SDB	Output	Transmission B terminal
RS-422 RS-485	3	RDA	Input	Receive A terminal
NS-465	4	RDB	Input	Receive B terminal
	5	TRM	-	Terminator resistor (100 Ω)
	6	HI	Output	Relay output HI
Relay	7	OK	Output	Relay output OK
output	8	LO	Output	Relay output LO
	9	COM	-	Relay output common



Adaptable connector

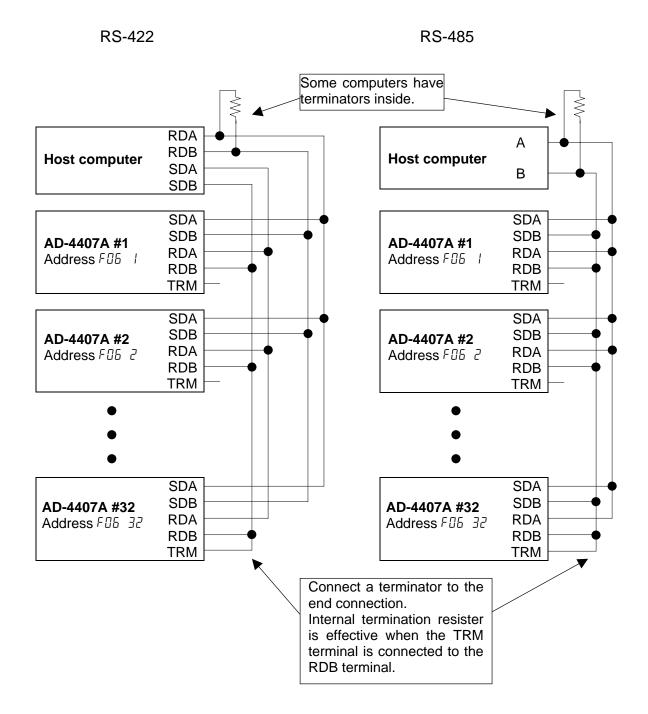
TM-BLA9 (provided with the OP-03)

Switching Between RS-422/RS-485

Switching between RS-422/RS-485 is made with the slide switch (SW1) on the OP-03 board.

Connection

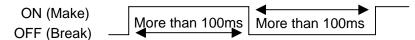
- □ The polarity of signals A and B may vary with different computers.
- It is not necessary to ground the SG terminal when using a computer without a signal ground terminal.





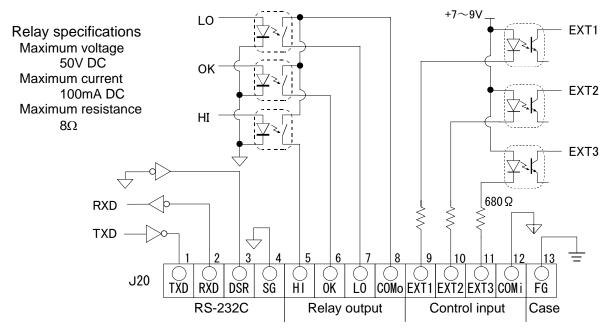
15. Relay Output and Control Input (OP-05)

- □ Replacing the RS-232C interface with this option, 3-relay outputs and 3-control inputs can be used with the RS-232C interface of this option.
- RS-232C functions are the same as the RS-232C interface described in "13.
 RS-232C Interface".
- □ The solid state relays output the result of comparison.
- □ The control inputs can control the indicator from an external terminal just like the front panel key operations.
- □ Set the external control functions at F 13 F 15 of the F-Functions.
- □ When connecting each function pin to the common pin, the indicator makes the action.
- □ Keep a signal width of more than 100 ms for the On-time and Off-time.



Pin connections and Circuits

Function	Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description
	1	TXD	Output	Transmit data
RS-232C	2	RXD	Input	Received data
N3-2320	3	DSR	Output	Data set ready
	4	SG	-	Signal ground
	5	HI	Output	Relay output HI
Relay	6	OK	Output	Relay output OK
output	7	LO	Output	Relay output LO
	8	COM(out)	-	Relay output common
	9	EXT1	Input	Control input 1 (F /∃)
Control	10	EXT2	Input	Control input 2 (F 14)
input	11	EXT3	Input	Control input 3 (F /5)
	12	COM(in)	-	Control input common
FG	13	FG	-	Frame ground (case)



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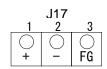
16. 4-20mA Analog Output (OP-07)

- □ The OP-07 analog output option is for sending the weight data to an analog input unit.
- □ The output is a 4mA to 20mA current output proportional to the display reading.
- □ The output data is updated in synchronization with the display update.

Specifications

Output current	4mA to 20mA *	Non-linearity		Less than +/- 0.1% fs
Load resistance	0 to 510 Ω	Temperature	ZERO	Less than +/- 0.02% fs/°C
Resolution	Approx. 1/10000	coefficient	SPAN	Less than +/- 0.02% fs/°C
Output terminal	Connector termina	l No.1:+ N	lo.2 : -	No.3 : FG(Earth)

* When set to a non-weight display (Calibration, F-settings etc.), the output current is 4mA.



Analog output terminal

The output current is not adjustable.

Settings

Set F30 to / of the F-Function, and set F3 / to F33.

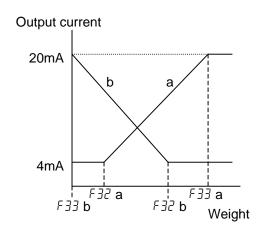
	Item	Parameter	Remarks	
Data	F30	* []	No output	Initial setting
output	Data output	-	Analog output	Must be set to 1
		2	Serial in/out 1	
		3	Serial in/out 2	
Analog	F3	* []	Displayed value	Initial setting
output	Output data	1	GROSS weight	
		2	NET weight	
	F32	-999999 to 999999		Decimal point is set
	Weight value at 4mA	(Initial setting is \mathbb{G})		at [RLSEE]
	F33	-999999 to 999999		Decimal point is set

(Initial setting is 10000)

Settings of F32 and F33

When entering the $F \ni 2$ or $F \ni 3$ settings (press the ENTER key when " $\ni 2$ " or " $\ni 3$ " is blinking), the setting value is displayed. Set the value using the $\boxed{0}$ - $\boxed{9}$ key. By pressing the $\boxed{+/-}$ key, the polarity of the value can be alternated. Press the ENTER key to store the setting value into memory. After this the display returns to selection of the Function number.

Weight value at 20mA

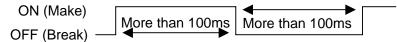


[RLSEE



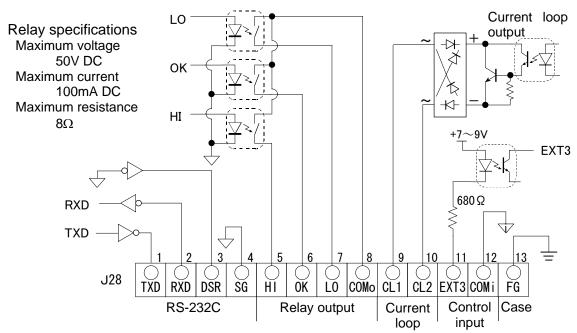
17. Current Loop Output (OP-08)

- Replacing the RS-232C interface with this option, current loop output, 3-relay outputs and 1-control input can be used with the RS-232C interface of this option.
- RS-232C functions are the same as the RS-232C interface described in "13.
 RS-232C Interface".
- The solid state relays output the result of comparison.
- □ The control input can control the indicator from an external terminal just like the front panel key operations.
- Set the external control function at F15 of the F-Functions.
- □ When connecting the function pin and the common pin, the indicator makes the action.
- Keep a signal width of more than 100 ms for the On-time and Off-time.



Pin connections and Circuits

Function	Pin No.	Signal name	Direction	Description	
	1	TXD	Output	Transmit data	
RS-232C	2	RXD	Input	Received data	
13-2320	3	DSR	Output	Data set ready	
	4	SG	-	Signal ground	
	5	HI	Output	Relay output HI	
Relay	6	OK	Output	Relay output OK	
output	7	LO	Output	Relay output LO	
	8	COM(out)	-	Relay output common	
Current	9	CL1	Output	Current loop output 1	
loop	10	CL2	Output	Current loop output 2	
Control	11	EXT3	Input	Control input 3 (F15)	
input	12	COM(in)	-	Control input common	
FG	13	FG	-	Frame ground (case)	

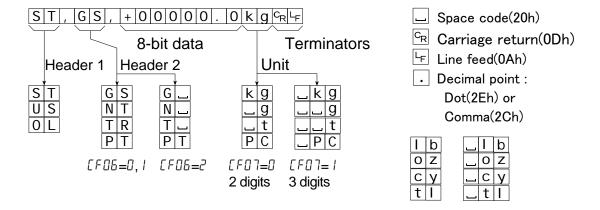


Current Loop Output

- □ The current loop output can be used to output the data to an A&D printer and a display unit.
- □ The current loop output is of the passive type and requires an external current source of 20 mA current. A&D's printer and display unit can be connected without an external power source, because they supply the current.
- The output terminals do not have a polarity. Each output terminal can be connected to either the plus or minus inputs of the peripheral unit.
- □ Set F36, F37, F38 and F39 of F-Functions. Please note the initial setting of F37 is disabling the current loop output.

Data format

- \Box The data format is the same as that of the initial setting of $F\exists \forall$ of RS-232C data format.
- □ The current loop output data format is fixed and can not be changed.
- □ The header 2 and the unit selection are common to RS-232C ([F05, [F07]).





18. Specifications

Analog Input and A/D Conversion

Input sensitivity	У	0.15 μV/division	
Input signal range		-35 mV to +35 mV	
Load cell excitation voltage		5V DC ±5%, 120 mA with sense voltage input	
Load cell drive	capacity	Maximum 8 x 350 Ω load cells	
Temperature	Zero	±0.02 μV/°C (typ.) ±0.1 μV/°C (max.)	
coefficient	Span	±3ppm/°C (typ.) ±15ppm/°C (max.)	
Non-Linearity		0.005 % of full scale	
Maximum inpu	t noise	0.15 μVp-p (typ.)	
Input impedance		10 M Ω or more	
A/D conversion method		Delta-sigma method	
A/D resolution count		40000 counts	
A/D conversion rate and		Approximately 10 times/s	
display update rate			
Maximum display resolution		20000 (permissible 40000)	

Digital Section

Measurement display		7 segment, Vacuum fluorescent display tube	
Character color		Cobalt-blue	
	Character height 20 mm		
State indicator Symbol		Minus sign, Zero point, Stable, Net, Preset tare value, Storing accumulated data, Percentage, Various state indicator (triangle ▼1,2,3)	
	Character color	Cobalt-blue	
Compa	arison result	HI, OK, LO	
	Character color	Red for HI and LO, Green for OK	
Unit		kg, g, t (lb, oz, lb-oz / catty, tl, catty-tl : depends on the region)	
	Character color	Cobalt-blue	

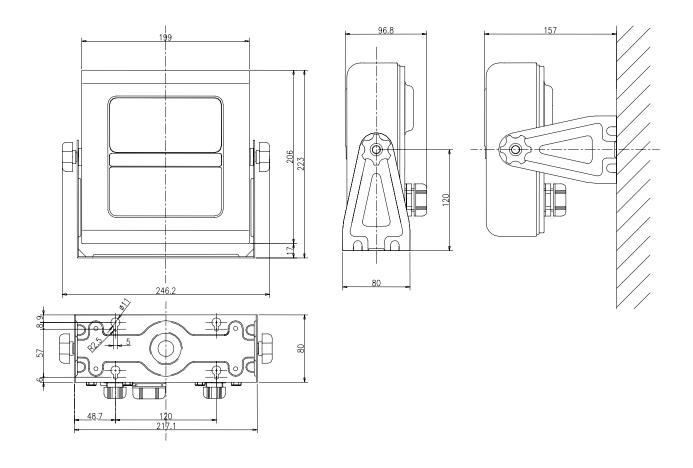
Interface

RS-232C interface	Serial interface for communication (terminal block)	
RS-422/485 interface	Serial interface for communication, control (terminal block)	
Current Loop output	20mA, passive type (terminal block)	
Analog output	4-20mA, free scaling output (terminal block)	
External Control Input	3 or 1 input selected functions (terminal block)	
	3 point (terminal block)	
	Capacity: 50V AC/DC, maximum current 100mA (resistive load)	
Relay output	Comparison mode selection	
	HiHi, Hi, OK, Lo, LoLo output for limit comparison	
	Zero band, preliminary, free fall, final for setpoint comparison	

General

Power supply	Selection by internal connector from 100V AC, 120V AC, 200V AC and 230V AC, +10% to -15%, 45Hz to 65Hz	
Power consumption	Approximately 20VA	
Operation temperature	-10°C to +40°C (14°F to 104°F)	
Operation humidity 85% R.H. (no condensation)		
Mass	Approximately 2700 g, including the bracket	
Dimensions	246.2 (W) x 223 (H) x 96.8 (D) mm, including protrusions	
Accessories	Refer to "4.4. Accessories and Option"	

18.1. Dimensions



Unit: mm

MEMO

		_

MEMO



A&D Company, Limited

3-23-14 Higashi-Ikebukuro, Toshima-ku, Tokyo 170-0013 JAPAN Telephone: [81] (3) 5391-6132 Fax: [81] (3) 5391-6148

A&D ENGINEERING, INC.

1756 Automation Parkway, San Jose, California 95131 U.S.A. Telephone: [1] (408) 263-5333 Fax: [1] (408) 263-0119

A&D INSTRUMENTS LIMITED <UK Office>

Unit 24/26 Blacklands Way, Abingdon Business Park, Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX14 1DY United Kingdom

Telephone: [44] (1235) 550420 Fax: [44] (1235) 550485

A&D INSTRUMENTS LIMITED < German Sales Office>

Große Straße 13 b 22926 Ahrensburg Deutschland

Telefon: [49] (0) 4102 459230 Telefax: [49] (0) 4102 459231

A&D Australasia Pty Ltd.

32 Dew Street, Thebarton, South Australia 5031 AUSTRALIA Telephone: [61] (8) 8301-8100 Fax: [61] (8) 8352-7409

A&D KOREA Limited 한국에이.엔.디(주)

대한민국 서울시 영등포구 여의도동 36-2 맨하탄 빌딩 8층 (8th Floor, Manhattan Bldg. 36-2 Yoido-dong, Youngdeungpo-ku, Seoul, KOREA) 전화: [82] (2) 780-4101 팩스: [82] (2) 782-4280

A&D RUS CO., LTD. Компания ЭЙ энд ДИ РУС

121357, Российская Федерация, г.Москва, ул. Верейская, дом 17 (Bldg. 17, Vereyskaya st., Moscow, 121357 RUSSIAN FEDERATION)

тел.: [7] (495) 937-33-44 факс: [7] (495) 937-55-66

A&D Instruments India Private Limited ऐ&डी इन्स्ट्रयमेन्ट्स इण्डिया प्रा० लिमिटेड

509, उद्योग विहार , फेस -5, गुड़गांव - 122016, हरियाणा , भारत

(509, Udyog Vihar, Phase-V, Gurgaon - 122 016, Haryana, India)

फोन : 91-124-4715555 फैक्स : 91-124-4715599